

Notes

(forming part of the unaudited, condensed interim consolidated financial statements)

1. Legal status and principal activities

Al Anwar Holdings SAOG (the “Parent Company”) is an Omani joint stock company incorporated on 20 December 1994 and registered in the Sultanate of Oman. The business activities of Parent Company and its subsidiary companies (together referred to as the “Group” as defined in note 6) include promotion of and participation in a variety of ventures in the financial services and industrial sector in the Sultanate of Oman.

2. Significant accounting policies - General

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied in dealing with items considered material to the Group’s and Parent Company’s financial statements.

a. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretation issued by the relevant body of the International Accounting Standards Board, the requirements of the Commercial Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman, 1974 (as amended) and the rules for disclosure requirements prescribed by the Capital Market Authority (“CMA”).

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that investments at fair value through profit or loss, investments available for sale and investment property are stated at their fair values and the held-to-maturity investments which are stated at amortised cost.

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Rial Omani (“RO”), which the Board of Directors believes is the functional currency of the Parent Company. All financial information presented in RO has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

b. Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that currently are exercisable are taken into account.

The unaudited financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Group.

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial position incorporates the assets and liabilities of the Parent and its subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances, transactions, income and expenses have been eliminated on consolidation.

For the purpose of consolidation, financial position and results of operations of the subsidiaries are consistently considered on the basis of their unaudited financial statements for the period ended on the preceding 31 March. Adjustments are made for significant transactions which took place between the reporting date of subsidiaries and the Parent Company.

Subsidiary

In the Parent Company’s separate financial statements, the investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group.

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2. Significant accounting policies - General *(continued)*

c. Investments

Associate

An entity over which the Group exercises significant influence but not control is classified as an associate.

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the total recognised gains and losses of associates on an equity accounted basis. For the purpose of which financial position and results of operations of the associates are consistently considered on the basis of their unaudited financial statements for the period ended on the preceding 31 March. Adjustments are made for significant transactions which took place between the reporting date of associates and the Parent Company.

The investments in associates are carried at cost in the Parent Company's separate financial statements.

Investments held to maturity

Investments which are held with a positive intent and ability to hold until maturity are classified as held to maturity. They are initially recognised at cost and subsequently re-measured at amortised cost.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

These are the investments which management, if considers eligible, designates as fair value through profit and loss upon their initial recognition.

Trading assets

Trading assets are those assets and liabilities that the Group acquire or incur principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term, or holds as part of a portfolio that is managed together for short term profit or position taking.

Trading assets are initially recognized and subsequently measured at fair value in the financial position with transaction cost taken directly to the profit or loss. All changes in fair value are recognized as part of net trading income in profit or loss. Trading assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition

Investments available for sale

Other investments are classified as available for sale. They are re-measured at fair value after initial recognition. Gains and losses on re-measurement are reported in the statement of changes in equity.

Fair value measurement

For investments actively traded in organized financial markets, fair value is generally determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the financial position date. Unquoted investments are valued at fair value when they can be reliably measured; otherwise they are stated at cost

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2. Significant accounting policies - General(continued)

c. Investments (continued)

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is accounted when the right to receive payment is established. Interest income on investments available for sale is recognised when the entitlement arises.

Gain on disposal of investments

Gain on disposal of investments is determined by the difference between sales proceeds and cost or carrying value and is credited to the statement of income.

d. Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiaries and associates is initially recognised at cost, being the excess of cost of business combination over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. Goodwill is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Negative goodwill is recognised immediately in the statement of income. Impairment losses, if any, in respect of goodwill arising on consolidation of subsidiaries and investment in associates are assessed on an annual basis.

In respect of associates, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment.

e. Leases

Operating lease payments are recognised in the statement of income on a straight line basis.

f. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that it will result in increased future economic benefits. All other expenditure is recognised in the statement of income as an expense as incurred.

Depreciation is charged to the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of items of property, plant and equipment. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Buildings on leasehold land	20
Plant, machinery and equipment	4 - 15
Motor vehicles	3 - 5
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 8

Capital work in progress is not depreciated.

g) Investment properties

Investment properties are initially measured at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition investment properties are stated at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment are included in the profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when they have either been disposed off or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the derecognition of investment properties are recognised in the profit or loss in the year of derecognition.

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2. Significant accounting policies - General *(continued)*

h. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Cost of raw materials is based on the weighted average cost method and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their existing location and condition. Work in progress and finished goods includes material costs and, where applicable, an appropriate share of overheads based on normal operating capacity.

i. Accounts and other receivables

Accounts receivable originated by the Group, are measured at cost. Bad debts are written off or provided for as they arise and provision is made for doubtful receivables

j. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and bank balances with maturity of three month from the financial position date.

k. Impairment

Financial assets

At each financial position date, the Group's management assesses if there is any objective evidence indicating impairment of the carrying value of financial assets or non-collectability of receivables.

Impairment losses are determined as differences between the carrying amounts and the recoverable amounts and are recognised in the statement of income. Any reversal of impairment losses are recognised as income in the statement of income. The recoverable amounts represent the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-

Non financial assets

Other than the goodwill arising on consolidation of subsidiaries and investment in associates [refer note (d) above] at each financial position date, the Group assesses if there is any indication of impairment of non-financial assets. If an indication exists, the Group's management estimates the recoverable amount of the asset and recognises an impairment loss in the statement of income. Other than for goodwill, the Group's management also assesses if there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior years no longer exists or has reduced. The resultant impairment loss or reversals are recognised immediately in the statement of income.

The recoverable amount adopted is the higher of net realisable value or market value and its value in use.

l. Employees' end of service benefits

Payment is made to Omani Government's Social Security Scheme in accordance with the Royal Decree Number 72/91 (as amended) for Omani employees. Provision is made for amounts payable under the Sultanate of Oman's labour law in accordance with Royal Decree number 35/2003 (as amended) applicable to expatriate employees' accumulated periods of service at the financial position date.

m. Provisions

A provision is recognized in the financial position when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

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2. Significant accounting policies - General(continued)

n. Trade and other payable

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid for goods and service received, whether or not billed to the Group.

o. Government term loans and deferred income

Carrying values

The carrying values of the interest free and low interest Government term loans are determined as the present values of the loans adopting the interest rates that reflect the current cost of similar borrowing on similar loan terms from a commercial bank.

Finance charge

The effective interest charge arises as a result of accounting for the fair values of the government related term loans and therefore represents the actual interest incurred for the year plus an amount arising from movements in the carrying values of the loans in the year.

Deferred income

The amount of deferred income relating to the government term loans is released to the profit or loss in such a way as to spread the income over the effective interest charge to which it relates.

p. Operating income

Operating income represents the invoice value of goods sold during the year, net of discounts and returns, and is recognised in the statement of income, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

q. Finance charges

Finance charges comprise interest payable on term loans and bank borrowings, interest subsidy, and are net of interest receivable on bank deposits. Finance charges are recognised as an expense in the statement of income in the period in which they are incurred.

r. Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is provided in accordance with the Sultanate of Oman's fiscal regulations. Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all temporary differences at the reporting date. It is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when it is anticipated the liabilities will be settled, and it is based on the rates (and laws) that have been enacted at the financial position date

Deferred tax assets are recognised in relation to carry forward losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be achieved

s. Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Omani Rials at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities at the financial position date are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date. Exchange differences that arise are recognised in the statement of income.

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2. Significant accounting policies - General *(continued)*

t. Operating segment

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Parent Company's CEO to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available

u. Dividend

The Board of Directors takes into account appropriate parameters including the requirements of the Commercial Companies Law while recommending the dividend.

Dividend distribution to the Parent Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's and Parent Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividend is declared.

v. Directors' remuneration and meeting attendance fees

The Company follows the Commercial Companies Law 1974 (as amended), and other latest relevant directives issued by CMA, in regard to determination of the amount to be paid as Directors remuneration and sitting fee are charged to the statement of income in the year to which they relate.

w. Estimates and judgements

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income and expenses, assets, liabilities and related disclosures. The use of available information and application of judgement based on historical experience and other factors are inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates. The Board of Directors test annually whether goodwill, investments in subsidiaries, associates and other financial assets have suffered any impairment which requires the use of estimates.

x. Earnings and net assets per share

The Group presents earnings per share (EPS) and net assets per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Net assets per share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

y. New standards and interpretations not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2010, and therefore have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None of these will have an effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

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3. Significant Accounting Policies - Insurance Operations

a. Gross premiums

Premium on insurance contracts are recognized as revenue (earned premiums) proportionally over the period of coverage.

b. Reserve for unexpired risks/ unearned premium reserve

The reserve for unexpired risk represents the estimated portion of net premium income after deduction of the reinsurance share which relates to period of insurance subsequent to the statement of financial position date

The reserve is calculated in accordance with the Insurance Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman at 45% of the net retained premium for the year, for all classes of general business. The reserve for unexpired risks for life business is created on the basis of actuarial valuation performed on an annual basis.

c. Commission earned and paid

Commission earned and paid are recognised at the time policies are written.

d. Provision for out standing claims

Provision for outstanding claims is recognized at the date the claims are known and covers the liability for loss and loss adjustment expenses based on loss reports from independent loss adjusters and management best estimate.

e. Reinsurer's share of claims

Contracts entered into by the subsidiary with reinsurers under which the subsidiary is compensated for losses on one or more insurance contracts issued by the subsidiary are classified as reinsurance contract held by the subsidiary. The benefits to which the subsidiary is entitled under its reinsurance contracts held are recognised as reinsurance assets. these assets consists of short term balances due from reinsurers. Amount recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in accordance with the terms of each reinsurance contract. Reinsurance liabilities are primarily premiums payable for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as an expenses when due.

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4. Property plant and equipment

RO '000

Group	Buildings on leasehold land	Plant, machinery & equipment	Motor vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Capital work in progress	Total
Cost						
01-Apr-10	1,078	5,093	161	223	6	6,561
Arising from acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	46	239	-	285
Additions during the year	-	59	-	5	-	64
Disposal during the year	-	-	9	-	-	9
30-Jun-10	1,078	5,152	216	467	6	6,919
Depreciation						
01-Apr-10	231	2,256	104	191	-	2,782
Arising from acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	33	176	-	209
Charge for the year	13	115	5	7	-	140
Related to disposal	-	-	9	-	-	9
30-Jun-10	244	2,371	151	374	-	3,140
Net book value						
At 30 June 2010	834	2,781	65	93	6	3,779
At 31 March 2010	847	2,837	57	32	6	3,779

6. Intangible assets

It represents goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiary as follows:

	Customer Portfolio	License	Goodwill	Goodwill on consolidation*	Total
Cost					
01-Apr-10	-	-	-	63	63
Arising from acquisition of subsidiary	560	290	100	-	950
Arising from consolidation	-	-	-	393	393
30-Jun-10	560	290	100	456	1,406
Amortisation					
01-Apr-10	-	-	-	-	-
Arising from acquisition of subsidiary	271	68	-	-	339
Charge during the period	-	-	-	-	-
30-Jun-10	271	68	-	-	339
30-Jun-10	289	222	100	456	1,067
31-Mar-10	-	-	-	63	63

* During the period parent company increased its share in Falcon Insurance Company SAOG up to 51% and it became AAH subsidiary w.e.f. 1st June, 2010, thereby its Statement of Financial Position as on 31st May, 2010 was consolidated in the group accounts of AAH. Goodwill on consolidation represents goodwill on SPC (RO 63,000) & FIC (RO 828,000)

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6. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and investments at fair value through profit or loss represent companies registered in the Sultanate of Oman, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and India having financial reporting periods ended on 31 March 2010. The carrying value of these investments are as follows:

		RO'000		
		30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	31-Mar 2010
Associates :	Quoted	10,806	10,335	10,481
	Unquoted	737	5,606	3,728
	Total	11,543	15,941	14,209
At fair value through statement of Income :				
	Quoted	4,432	1,543	2,269
	Un Quoted	1,602	139	1,787
	Total	6,034	1,682	4,056
Held for trading :				
	Quoted	295	73	398
Total Investments		17,872	17,696	18,663

Investments having a total carrying value of RO 2.9 million (2009: RO 2.9 million) are registered in the name of Al-Anwar International Investment LLC for and on behalf of the Parent Company.

The Group's quoted investments are listed on the stock exchanges of Oman and India.

a. Investment in subsidiary

Details of investment in subsidiaries of the parent company are as follows: -

	Proportion held		(RO '000)	
	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	Paid up share capital 30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009
Falcon Insurance SAOC (FIC)	51%	-	5,400	-
Al Anwar Securities SAOC (AAS)	100%	100%	1,000	1,000
Sun Packaging Company LLC (SPC)	62.50%	62.50%	1,550	1,550
Al Anwar International Investment LLC (AII)	100%	100%	150	150

On 3 July 2002, the Parent Company entered into an agreement for transferring its 60% interest in Sun Plastics Company LLC to the minority shareholder. Up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the formal transfer of shares to the minority shareholder has not taken place.

The Parent Company has not exercised any control over Sun Plastics Company LLC since 2002 and accordingly the subsidiary has been excluded from consolidation from March 2004. Further a legal opinion was also obtained clarifying that the Parent Company has no liabilities with respect to operations of Sun Plastics Company LLC, pursuant to the aforementioned agreement.

During the period, the Parent Company increased its shareholding in Falcon Insurance Company SAOC. Accordingly it became a subsidiary w.e.f. 1st June, 2010. The Statement of Financial Position of FIC as of 31st May, 2010 were therefore consolidated with parent company financials.

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6. Investments (Continued)

b. Investment in associates

Summary of financial information for investment in associates not adjusted for the percentage held by the Parent Company:

	Shareholding percentage	Status	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total revenues	RO'000 Profit or loss
31-Mar-10						
Taageer Finance Company SAOG (Taageer)	24.02%	Quoted	76,810	58,153	2,139	514
Voltamp Energy SAOG (VE)\	28.71%	Quoted	18,134	2,650	3,226	588
Al Maha Ceramics SAOC (AMC)	32.00%	Unquoted	10,360	7,352	780	(202)
ABI Precision Casting SAOC (AABCO)*	40.00%	Unquoted	621	451	117	(31)
			105,925	68,606	6,262	869
31-Mar-09						
Taageer	18.29%	Quoted	73,215	56,082	2,105	512
National Aluminium Products Co. SAOG (NAPCO)	15.00%	Quoted	16,648	11,919	2,926	173
VE	28.71%	Quoted	17,249	2,085	3,300	480
FIC	40.56%	Unquoted	13,313	6,977	259	10
AMCC	32.00%	Unquoted	11,268	3,387	715	(91)
AABCO*	40.00%	Unquoted	780	341	25	(51)
			132,473	80,791	9,330	1,033

*AABCO ceased its operations from 30th April, 2010 and is under liquidation. The parent company made a total provision of RO 320,000 till date and the management believes that the investment in AABCO is stated at its recoverable value.

The movement in carrying value of investments in associates, net of impairment, in group accounts is as follows:

	30-Jun 2010	RO'000 30-Jun 2009
At 1 April	14,209	10,756
Additional investments/transfer from investments	33	5,366
Disposal of investment/transfer to investments	(3,032)	
Dividends received	-	(401)
Share of profit after tax	333	220
Share of changes in fair value	-	
At 30 June	11,543	15,941

c. Investment at fair value through Statement of Income

Sector-wise analysis of the Group's investment in financial asset at fair value through Statement of Comprehensive Income is as follows:

	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009
Banking	1%	2%
Leasing	12%	17%
Financial services	51%	71%
Industry	31%	1%
Others	5%	9%

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6. Investments (Continued)

c. Investment at fair value through Statement of Income (Continued)

Group's investment in investment at fair value through Statement of Comprehensive Income having the market value of 10% or more of the Group's total quoted investments in quoted securities is as follows:

	Percentage of the portfolio	Number of securities	Market value RO'000	Carrying value RO'000
Jun-10				
Taageer Finance Bonds	27%	7,393,407	752	752
Almondz Global Securities	59%	3,091,500	1,630	1,630
Jun-09				
Taageer Finance Bonds	41%	7,393,407	725	725
Almondz Global Securities	42%	3,091,500	735	735

Group's investment at Fair value thru Statement of Comprehensive Income are further analysed as follows:-

	Fair value		Book Value		RO'000 Fair Value
	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	31-Mar 2010
Quoted					
Quoted at Muscat Securities Market					
Banking	74	75	74	75	76
Leasing	752	726	752	726	752
Financial services	1,969	-	1,969	-	-
Industry	7	7	7	7	58
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Quoted at foreign securities markets					
Financial Services	1,630	735	1,630	735	1,383
Total quoted investment	4,432	1,543	4,432	1,543	2,269
Unquoted					
Financial Services	1,602	139	1,602	139	1,787
Total unquoted investment	1,602	139	1,602	139	1,787
Total investment at Fair value thru Statement of Income	6,034	1,682	6,034	1,682	4,056

In accordance with the Oman Insurance Companies Law of 1979 ("the legislation"), as amended, the Group has pledged certain investments under lien to the Capital Market Authority amounting to RO 5,410,697 as at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009 – RO Nil). Under the terms of the legislation, the Group may utilise these assets only with the prior approval of the Capital Market Authority.

7. Group's share of profits / (loss) of associates:

	31-Mar 2010	RO'000 31-Mar 2009
VE	169	138
NAPCO	-	34
FIC *	118	4
AABCO	(12)	(20)
AMCC	(65)	(29)
Taageer	123	93
	333	220

* The share of profit from FIC pertains to the period from 1st January, 2010 to 31st May, 2010 during which FIC was an associate of AAH.

8. Investment property

Investment property represents land purchased by the Parent Company intended for sale or development. The land is stated at its cost of RO 3.148 million. Management believes that costs are equals to its fair value at the reporting date. It also includes land purchased by one of its subsidiary which is stated at fair value.

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9. Inventories

	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	RO'000 31-Mar 2009
Raw materials	2,077	1,563	1,656
Work in progress	87	84	177
Finished goods	151	193	185
Less: Impairment allowance	(39)	(24)	(39)
	2,276	1,816	1,979
Movement in the impairment allowance is as follows:			
Opening Balance	39	24	24
Effect of disposal of subsidiary	-	-	-
Provided during the year	-	-	15
Closing Balance	39	24	39

10. Trade and other receivables

	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	RO'000 31-Mar 2009
Trade receivables	2,959	3,022	2,861
Premium receivable	2,494	-	-
Impairment allowance	(110)	(206)	(103)
	5,343	2,816	2,758
Prepayments and other receivables	620	143	954
Amounts due from related parties (note 18)	358	251	184
	6,321	3,210	3,896
Movement in impairment allowance is as follows:			
Opening Balance	103	203	203
Effect on disposal/acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	-
Provided during the year	7	3	21
Written back during the year	-	-	(121)
Closing Balance	110	206	103

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11. Insurance liabilities and reinsurance assets

	RO'000
	30-Jun
	2010
Gross	
- Outstanding claims reported and loss adjustment expenses	5,001
- Claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) *	91
- Unearned premium reserve ** (UPR)	1,419
Total insurance liabilities – Gross	6,511
Recoverable from reinsurers	
- Outstanding claims reported and loss adjustment expenses	4,261
- Claims incurred but not reported (IBNR)	-
- Unearned premium reserve (UPR)	-
Total reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities	4,261
Net	
- Outstanding claims reported and loss adjustment expenses	740
- Claims incurred but not reported (IBNR)	91
- Unearned premium reserve (UPR)	1,419
Total insurance liabilities – net	2,250

Note: As FIC became subsidiary from 1st May, 2010, the Insurance Liabilities and assets are consolidated for the first time in this quarter.

* IBNR represents provisions for losses incurred but not yet reported.

**Unearned premium reserve represents the element of premium income, relating to periods of cover after the period end.

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12. Share capital and reserves

a) Share capital

The authorised share capital of the Parent Company comprises 200,000,000 (2009: 200,000,000) shares of 100 baisas (2009: Bz 100) each. The issued and fully paid up share capital consists of 120,000,000 shares (2009: 110,000,000) of 100 baisas (2009: Bz. 100) each. Movement in number of shares during the year is as follows:

	2010	2009
01-Apr	110,000,000	100,000,000
Stock dividend	10,000,000	10,000,000
	-----	-----
30-Jun	120,000,000	110,000,000
	=====	=====

At the financial position date, details of shareholders, who own 5% or more of the Parent Company's share capital, are as follows:

	Number of shares held	2010	Number of shares held	2009
Fincorp Investment Company LLC	27,516,578	25.02%	27,916,578	25.38%
Financial Services Company SAOG - Trust	20,060,102	18.24%	20,988,570	19.08%
Al Khonji Invest LLC	-	0.00%	8,000,000	7.27%
Mohamed and Ahmed Al Khonji LLC	5,537,229	5.03%	5,537,229	5.03%
	=====	=====	=====	=====

b) Legal Reserve

As required by Article 106 of the Commercial Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman, the Company and each of the Group entities incorporated in the Sultanate of Oman, transfer 10% of their profit for the year to such reserve until such time as the statutory reserve amounts to at least one third of the respective company's capital.

c) Fair Value Reserve

The Group has recognised its share of fair value reserve of the associates and a subsidiary.

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13. Term Loans

	RO'000		
	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	31-Mar 2009
Non-current portion			
From commercial banks	3,223	4,100	4,250
From Government	332	391	331
Deferred Government Grant	93	187	93
	3,648	4,678	4,674
Current portion of term loans			
From commercial banks	1,452	701	1,134
From Government	109	71	133
	1,561	772	1,267
	5,209	5,450	5,941

Term loan obtained by a subsidiary company from a commercial bank (RO 0.166 million) is secured by a first commercial mortgage with insurance cover on specific assets acquired from the term loan, a second pari-passu charge over fixed and current assets and proportionate guarantee of the Members.

Term loans obtained by the Parent Company from commercial banks are secured by pledge of the shares in subsidiaries, associates and other investments.

Government term loans are obtained by a subsidiary and are secured by joint insurance and a first charge on all assets of the subsidiary except specific assets mortgaged to Bank Dhofar.

14. Bank Borrowings

The Parent Company has overdraft facilities of RO 550,000 (2009: RO 350,000) from two commercial banks. The interest on bank borrowings is charged at commercial rates.

15. Trade & Other payables

	RO'000		
	30-Jun 2010	30-Jun 2009	31-Mar 2009
Trade payables	4,581	2,072	1,865
Accruals and other payables	6	202	334
Provision for income tax	427	236	236
Amounts due to related parties (note 18)	-	-	28
	5,014	2,510	2,463

Notes*(forming part of the unaudited, condensed interim consolidated financial statements)***16. Investment Income**

	3 months ended 30-Jun 2010	3 months ended 30-Jun 2009
Net unrealised gains on investments at fair value through statement of comprehensive income	84	330
Exchange gain (loss) on investments at fair value through statement of Comprehensive income	(44)	-
Realised gain on sale of held for trading investment	5	10
Gain on sale of investment at fair value through statement of comprehensive income	-	319
Dividend income	-	1
	45	660

17. Other Income

	3 months ended 30-Jun 2010	3 months ended 30-Jun 2009
Management and sitting fees	8	16
Interest income	8	8
	16	24

Notes

(forming part of the unaudited, condensed interim consolidated financial statements)

18. Related Party transaction

The Group enters into transactions with entities in which certain members of the Board of Directors have interest and are able to exercise significant influence. In the ordinary course of business, such related parties provide goods, services and funding to the Group. The Group also provides management services and funding to the related parties. These transactions are entered into on terms and conditions, approved by the Board of Directors.

a) During the period related party transactions were as follows:

	3 months ended 30-Jun 2010	RO'000 3 months ended 30-Jun 2009
Transactions entered into by the Parent Company		
Remuneration and meeting attendance fees income	8	16
Directors Remuneration and sitting fees paid	5	4
	=====	=====
Transactions entered into by subsidiary company:		
<u>SPC</u>		
Sales	-	-
Purchases	-	-
Other expenses	2	2
	=====	=====
FIC		
Premium received	133	-
Claims paid	24	-
	=====	=====

b) Dues from related party and dues to related party were as follows:

	2010 30-Jun	2009 30-Jun	RO'000 2010 31-Mar
<i>Due from related parties (note 8)</i>			
AABCO	4	4	4
AMCC	180	150	180
Al-Anwar Real Estate (under incorporation)	-	97	-
In the Books of subsidiary : Falcon Insurance	174	-	-
	<u>358</u>	<u>251</u>	<u>184</u>
<i>Due to related parties (note 13)</i>			
AACS	-	-	-
AAS	-	-	-
FIC	-	-	28
	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>28</u>

The amounts due to and due from related parties is interest free, unsecured and are repayable on demands as under:

Notes

(forming part of the unaudited, condensed interim consolidated financial statements)

20. Operating segments

Primary reporting format – business segments

The Group is organised in the Sultanate of Oman into two main business segments:

- a) Industrial segment, which is engaged in producing and distributing different industrial products such as printed packaging materials; and
- b) Investment segment, which is engaged in investment in projects and their management. Investment segment is the only business segment in the Parent Company, hence not been disclosed separately.

There are sales and other transactions between the business segments. Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, inventories, receivables, operating cash, and investments. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities. Common costs are allocated between the segments on relevant bases such as time devoted, turnover and space occupied.

Financial information in respect of the segments are as follows: -

	30-Jun-10			30-Jun-09		
	Industrial Segment	Investment Segment	Total	Industrial Segment	Investment Segment	Total
Total Revenue	2,223	394	2,617	2,568	25	2,593
Sement Results	76	199	275	101	674	775

Total assets for each segment which have changed significantly are as follow

	30-Jun-10				31-Mar-10		
	Industrial Segment	Investment Segment	Insurance Segment	Total	Industrial Segment	Investment Segment	Total
Total Assets	8,909	19,758	17,928	46,595	8,820	24,597	33,417
Total Liabilities	7,130	5,223	11,228	23,581	6,885	6,332	13,217

21. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

	RO '000		
	2010	2009	2010
	30-Jun	30-Jun	31-Mar
Guarantees:			
- Subsidiaries	3,524	3,524	3,524
- Associates	2,640	2,640	2,640
- Others	5	5	5
	6,169	6,169	6,169
Letters of credit by subsidiary companies	663	548	255
	6,832	6,717	6,424

There is no significant changes in commitments of the group during the period.

22. Comparative figures

Certain comparative information has been reclassified and re-stated to conform to the presentation adopted in these financial statements.

During the period, AAH increased its stake in FIC up to 51% as on 1st June, 2010. Consequently, the results of FIC as on 31st May, 2010 are consolidated and therefore the previous year numbers are not comparable with the current quarter to such extent.

23. Parent Company

The statement of Income for the quarter ended as on 30th June, 2010 and the Statement of Financial Position as on 30th June, 2010 are presented in the annexure.

AL ANWAR HOLDINGS SAOG

**Stand alone unaudited condensed interim statement of comprehensive income
of Parent Company For the three months ended 30 June, 2010**

	3 months ended 30-Jun 2010 RO	3 months ended 30-Jun 2009 RO
Investment income	45	621
Other Income	<u>11</u>	<u>19</u>
Total Income	<u>56</u>	<u>640</u>
General and administration expenses	(99)	(144)
Finance costs	<u>(96)</u>	<u>(86)</u>
Total Expenses	<u>(195)</u>	<u>(230)</u>
Profit for the period before tax	<u>(139)</u>	<u>410</u>
Income tax expense	-	-
Profit after tax for the period	<u>(139)</u>	<u>410</u>
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	<u>(139)</u>	<u>410</u>
Profit attributable to		
Equity Holders of Parent Company	(139)	410
Minority Interest	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Profit after tax for the period	<u>(139)</u>	<u>410</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to		
Equity Holders of Parent Company	(139)	410
Minority Interest	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>(139)</u>	<u>410</u>
Earnings per share RO	(0.001)	0.003

AL ANWAR HOLDINGS SAOG

**Stand alone unaudited condensed statement of financial position
of the Parent Company as on 30 June 2010**

	Unaudited		<u>Audited</u>
	30-Jun	30-Jun	31-Mar
	2010	2009	2010
	RO	RO	RO
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	23	17	1,804
Trade & other receivables	202	281	995
Investments at fair value through statement of comprehensive income	4,158	1,572	4,271
Investment in Associates	8,073	12,766	10,572
Investment in Subsidiary	5,354	2,041	2,041
Property, plant and equipment	10	16	11
Investment property	3,148	3,148	3,148
Total assets	20,968	19,841	22,842
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	12,000	11,000	11,000
Legal reserve	1,436	1,201	1,434
Retained earnings	1,232	1,332	3,017
Equity attributable to the shareholders of Parent Company	14,668	13,533	15,451
LIABILITIES			
Other liabilities and accruals	1,324	1,372	1,483
Bank borrowing	313	260	545
Current Portion of term loans	1,426	567	1,101
Long term loans	3,223	4,100	4,250
Provision for gratuity	14	9	12
Total liabilities	6,300	6,308	7,391
Total equity and liabilities	20,968	19,841	22,842
Net Assets per share	0.122	0.113	0.129