

Al Anwar Investments SAOG and Its Subsidiaries

Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for the Six-month period ended 30 September 2023

Registered office and principal place of business

P. O. Box 468, Postal Code 131
Shatti Al Quram, Muscat
Sultanate of Oman

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

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Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries**UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

		30 September 2023 OMR'000	30 September 2022 OMR'000	<u>Audited</u> 31 March 2023 OMR'000
Assets	<i>Notes</i>			
Investment in associates	3	31,750	31,852	31,048
Investments at fair value	4	14,327	13,152	14,176
Property and other assets	5	2,308	2,302	2,308
Receivables	6	178	254	1,116
Cash and bank balances		504	124	183
TOTAL ASSETS		49,067	47,684	48,831
Equity				
Share capital	7	20,600	20,000	20,000
Legal reserve	8	4,603	4,568	4,603
Fair value reserve	9	3,007	(30)	1,152
Retained earnings		4,849	4,581	5,551
Equity attributable to shareholders of Parent Company		33,059	29,119	31,306
Liabilities:				
Bank borrowings	10	15,625	18,163	17,142
Payables	11	383	402	383
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16,008	18,565	17,525
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		49,067	47,684	48,831
Net assets per share attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company (in Baisas)	12	160	146	157

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors onand signed by:

The attached notes 1 to 21 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED

		30 September 2023 OMR'000	30 September 2022 OMR'000
	Notes		
Share of results of associates	3 (c)	268	555
Interest income	14 (a)	58	152
Realised Profit / (loss) on sale of investment	14 (b)	342	(3)
Net Increase / (decrease) in value of investment	14 (c)	1,003	(655)
Other income	15	16	9
Net income		1,687	58
Administrative expenses	16	(175)	(158)
Financing charges	17	(507)	(497)
Corporate social responsibility		-	(8)
Director Remuneration and sitting fees	18	(107)	(46)
Total expenses		(789)	(709)
Profit (loss) for the period before tax		898	(651)
Income tax expense		-	-
Profit /(loss) after tax for the period		898	(651)
Other comprehensive income (expense):			
Share of other comprehensive profit / (loss) of associates	3 (c)	507	(90)
Net Increase / (decrease) in value of investment	4	1,348	523
Other comprehensive profit for the period		1,855	433
Total comprehensive Income (loss) for the period attributable to Equity holders of Parent Company		2,753	(218)
Earnings profit (loss) per share attributable to shareholders of Parent Company (in Baisas)	13	4	(3)

The attached notes 1 to 21 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its SubsidiariesUNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD

OMR'000

Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Company

	Share capital	Legal reserve	Fair value reserve	Retained earnings	Total
At 1 April 2023	20,000	4,603	1,152	5,551	31,306
Net Profit for the period	-	-	-	898	898
Stock dividend	600	-	-	(600)	-
Share of other comprehensive loss of associates	-	-	507	-	507
Net change in fair value of investment	-	-	1,348	-	1,348
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(1,000)	(1,000)
At 30 September 2023	20,600	4,603	3,007	4,849	33,059
At 1 April 2022	20,000	4,568	(463)	6,032	30,137
Net (loss) for the period	-	-	-	(651)	(651)
Share of other comprehensive profit of associates	-	-	(90)	-	(90)
Net change in fair value of investment	-	-	523	-	523
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-	(800)	(800)
At 30 September 2022	20,000	4,568	(30)	4,581	29,119

The attached notes 1 to 21 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its SubsidiariesUNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

	30 September 2023 OMR'000	30 September 2022 OMR'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Dividend income and cash receipts	1,056	1,176
Cash paid for administrative and other expenses	(252)	(196)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash generated from operating activities	804	980
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital work in progress	(1)	(33)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	2,712	1,281
Purchase of investments	(170)	(3,495)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash (used by) generated from investing activities	2,541	(2,247)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend to shareholders	(1,000)	(800)
Financing charges	(507)	(547)
Borrowings	950	15,600
Repayment of borrowings	(2,467)	(12,950)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash generated used in financing activities	(3,024)	1,303
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	321	36
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	183	88
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	504	124

The attached notes 1 to 21 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

1 General information

Al Anwar Investments SAOG (the 'Parent Company') is an Omani joint stock company incorporated on 20 December 1994 and registered in the Sultanate of Oman. The business activities of Parent Company and its subsidiary companies (together referred to as the 'Group') include promotion of and participation in a variety of ventures in the financial services, industrial and education sectors in the Sultanate of Oman. The Parent Company's shares are listed on Muscat Stock Exchange.

2 Investments in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and its following subsidiaries. All the subsidiaries are incorporated in the Sultanate of Oman.

	Principal activity	Parent Company		Cost	
		Holdings	Cost		
			%		2023 OMR'000
Al Anwar Taleem LLC	Education	100	500	500	
Al Anwar International Investment LLC	Investment	100	150	150	
Al Anwar Hospitality SAOC	Hospitality	100	500	500	
Al Anwar Industrial Investments SAOC	Investment	100	500	500	
			1,650	1,650	

3 Investment in associates

(a) The consolidated financial statements include the results of the Group's associates as follows. All the associates are incorporated in the Sultanate of Oman:

Name of associates	Principal activity	Group Holdings %	Carrying value 2023 OMR'000	Market value 2023 OMR'000
Oman Chlorine SAOG and its subsidiaries	Manufacture of chemicals	22.11	8,042	8,540
The National Detergent Company SAOG	Manufacture of detergents	25.24	5,354	2,705
Arabia Falcon Insurance Company SAOG	Insurance	22.62	4,836	2,570
Voltamp Energy SAOG and its subsidiaries	Manufacture of electrical equipment	24.68	4,103	2,290
Al Maha Ceramics Company SAOG	Manufacture of ceramic tiles	18.74	2,442	2,783
National Biscuit Industries SAOG	Manufacture of biscuit	29.22	2,258	1,239
Total Quoted			27,035	20,127
Alruwad International Education Services SAOC	Education	43.51	4,675	-
Hormuz Al Anwar Cement SAOC	Manufacture of cement	40.00	40	-
Total Unquoted			4,715	-
Total			31,750	20,127

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

3. Investment in associate (continued)

Name of associates	Principal activity	Group Holdings %	Carrying value 2022 OMR'000	Market value 2022 OMR'000
Oman Chlorine SAOG and its subsidiaries	Manufacture of chemicals	22.15	7,641	7,755
The National Detergent Company SAOG	Manufacture of detergents	25.24	5,357	2,715
Arabia Falcon Insurance Company SAOG	Insurance	22.62	4,635	2,944
Voltamp Energy SAOG and its subsidiaries	Manufacture of electrical equipment	24.68	4,236	2,089
Al Maha Ceramics Company SAOG	Manufacture of ceramic tiles	23.74	3,223	5,745
National Biscuit Industries SAOG	Manufacture of biscuit	29.22	2,280	1,026
Total Quoted			27,372	22,274
Alruwad International Education Services SAOC	Education	43.51	4,440	-
Hormuz Al Anwar Cement SAOC	Manufacture of cement	40.00	40	-
Total Unquoted			4,480	-
Total			31,852	22,274

(b) Movements in investments in associates are set out below:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
At 1 April	31,048	31,460
Share of profit during the period	268	555
Disposal of investment	-	-
Share of other comprehensive Profit / (loss)	507	(90)
Dividend received during the period	(73)	(73)
At 30 September	31,750	31,852

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

3. Investment in associate (continued)

(c) Total assets, liabilities and revenues of the Group's associates are as follows:

2023	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total revenues	Net profit (loss)	Share of profit	Share in OCI
	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000
Oman Chlorine SAOG	91,715	60,587	16,140	1,426	315	5
The National Detergent SAOG	29,762	13,426	10,666	280	71	-
Arabia Falcon Insurance SAOG	74,485	54,569	14,614	271	61	21
Voltamp Energy SAOG	32,694	15,027	12,922	39	10	1
Al Maha Ceramics SAOG	12,892	2,279	3,537	(149)	(28)	-
National Biscuit Industries SAOG	13,717	6,217	7,494	174	51	-
Alruwad International Education Services SAOC	8,530	3,887	1,185	(488)	(212)	480
Hormuz Al Anwar Cement SAOC	4	296	-	-	-	-
				Total	268	507
2022	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total revenues	Net profit (loss)	Share of profit	Share in OCI
	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000	OMR'000
Oman Chlorine SAOG	94,084	66,763	15,445	1,762	390	12
The National Detergent SAOG	31,878	15,528	10,206	(146)	(37)	-
Arabia Falcon Insurance SAOG	76,309	57,285	12,867	340	77	(102)
Voltamp Energy SAOG	41,177	23,106	17,143	(947)	(233)	-
Al Maha Ceramics SAOG	14,131	2,969	5,024	1,323	314	-
National Biscuit Industries SAOG	13,465	5,891	6,242	143	42	-
Alruwad International Education Services SAOC	7,726	3,622	1,234	5	2	-
Hormuz Al Anwar Cement SAOC	4	296	-	-	-	-
				Total	555	(90)

At 30 September 2023, the proportional net assets for all associates amounted to approximately OMR 24 million.

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

4 Investments at fair value

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Bank Dhofar SAOG	7,649	5,307
Dhofar International Development and Investment Holding Co. SAOG	6,602	3,950
Ominvest Perpetual Bonds - 7.75%	-	2,600
Almondz Global Securities Ltd. (India)	-	1,218
Others Investment at Fair Value	76	77
	14,327	13,152

The above Investments classified between “fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)” and “fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)” are as follows:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Quoted at FVTPL	3,485	5,918
Unquoted at FVTPL	71	71
Quoted at FVOCI	10,771	7,163
	14,327	13,152

Movement in investments at fair value is as follows:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
At 1 April	14,176	11,073
Purchases/transfer during the period	170	3,495
Sale of Investment during the period	(2,712)	(1,281)
Realised Profit/ (loss) on sale of investments	342	(3)
Unrealised gain /(loss) taken to income statements	1,003	(655)
Unrealised gain /(loss) taken to other comprehensive income	1,348	523
At 30 September	14,327	13,152

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

5 Property and other assets

	Freehold Land OMR'000	Furniture and fixtures OMR'000	Capital work in progress OMR'000	Total OMR'000
Cost:				
At 1 April 2023	1,948	46	358	2,352
Additions during the period	-	1	-	1
Disposal during the period	-	(2)	-	(2)
At 30 September 2023	1,948	45	358	2,351
Accumulated depreciation:				
At 1 April 2023	-	44	-	44
Charge for the period	-	1	-	1
Disposal during the period	-	(2)	-	(2)
At 30 September 2023	-	43	-	43
Net book value:				
At 30 September 2023	1,948	2	358	2,308

	Freehold Land OMR'000	Furniture and fixtures OMR'000	Capital work in progress OMR'000	Total OMR'000
Cost:				
At 1 April 2022	1,948	47	319	2,314
Additions during the period	-	-	33	33
Disposal during the period	-	(1)	-	(1)
At 30 September 2022	1,948	46	352	2,346
Accumulated depreciation:				
At 1 April 2022	-	44	-	44
Charge for the period	-	1	-	1
Disposal during the period	-	(1)	-	(1)
At 30 September 2022	-	44	-	44
Net book value:				
At 30 September 2022	1,948	2	352	2,302

6 Receivables

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Prepayments and advances	61	136
Due from related parties (Note 18)	117	118
	<u>178</u>	<u>254</u>

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

7 Share capital

The authorised share capital of the Parent Company comprises 300,000,000 (2022 - 300,000,000) shares of 100 baisas (2022- 100 baisas) each. The issued and fully paid up share capital consists of 206,000,000 shares (2022- 200,000,000 shares) of 100 baisas (2022- 100 baisas) each.

At the reporting date, details of shareholders, who own 5% or more of the Parent Company's share capital, are as follows:

	Number of shares held	2023 (%)	Number of shares held	2022 (%)
Fincorp Investment Company LLC	48,276,895	23.44	47,356,209	23.68
Brig (Rtd). Masoud Humaid Malik Al Harthy	22,465,959	10.91	20,000,000	10.00
Al Khonji Invest LLC	10,296,742	5.00	9,996,837	5.00
Al Khonji Development & Investment LLC	7,677,320	3.73	10,837,548	5.42

8 Legal reserve

The statutory reserve which is not available for distribution is calculated in accordance with the Commercial Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman, as amended. The annual appropriation shall be 10% of the profit for the year after tax, until such time the legal reserve amounts to at least one third of the respective issued and paid up share capital of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries.

9 Fair value reserve

The Group has recognised its share of fair value reserve of other comprehensive income in associates. It also includes movement in fair value of investments held at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income in the group.

10 Bank borrowings

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Total borrowings	15,625	18,163
Current portion of borrowings	(4,238)	(3,325)
Non-Current portion of borrowings	11,387	14,838

The Parent company has borrowings from four Omani Commercial Banks and one Omani Sharia compliant bank. The borrowings are in the nature of long term and short-term loans. The commercial borrowings carry annual interest rates ranging from 5.50% to 6.5% per annum (2022-5.50% to 6.5%). The profit rate is 6.5% for the Sharia Compliant borrowings.

These borrowings are secured through pledge over investment of the Parent Company and Subsidiaries in the aggregate amount of OMR 36.0 Million. The Parent Company has overdraft facilities of OMR 700,000 (2022 - OMR 800,000).

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

11 Payables

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Accrued expenses	57	76
Contingency provision	300	300
Employees' end of service benefits	26	26
	<u>383</u>	<u>402</u>
	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Employees' end of service benefits		
At 1 April	23	25
Charge for the year (note 16)	3	1
Paid employees' end of services benefits	-	-
At 30 September	<u>26</u>	<u>26</u>

12 Net assets per share

Net assets per share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company by the weighted number of shares outstanding at the end of period as follows:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Net assets attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company (RO'000)	<u>33,059</u>	29,119
Number of shares outstanding at 30 September ('000)	<u>206,000</u>	200,000
Net assets per share (in Baisas)	<u>160</u>	<u>146</u>

The weighted average number of shares outstanding before the event is adjusted for the change in the number of shares due to bonus issue as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented.

13 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit / (loss) for the period attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, as follows:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Profit / (Loss) for the period attributable to equity shareholders of Parent Company	898	(651)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding ('000)	<u>206,000</u>	200,000
Basic Profit / (Loss) earnings per share (in Baisas)	<u>4</u>	<u>(3)</u>

The weighted average number of shares outstanding before the event is adjusted for the change in the number of shares due to bonus issue as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented.

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

14 Investment income	2023	2022
	OMR'000	OMR'000
(a) Interest income from Ominvestbonds	<u>58</u>	<u>152</u>
	58	152

Interest on Ominvest Perpetual Bonds is recognized at 7.75% per annum on receipt in accordance with the terms of the bonds.

(b) Realised Gain / (loss) on sale of investment	<u>342</u>	(3)
(c) Increase (Decrease) in value of investments		
- Dhofar International Development & Investment Holding SAOG	1,003	(339)
- Almondz Global Securities Ltd. (India)	-	(318)
- Al Ritaj Investment Co. (Kuwait)	-	2
	<u>1,003</u>	<u>(655)</u>

15 Other income	2023	2022
	OMR'000	OMR'000
Directors sitting fees	<u>16</u>	<u>9</u>
	16	9

16 Administrative expenses	Group	Group
	2023	2022
	OMR'000	OMR'000
Employment cost	130	105
Office rent and utilities	8	8
Consultancy fees	1	2
Depreciation (note 5)	1	1
Legal fees	2	3
Audit fees	4	5
Fees and subscription	14	18
Meeting & Seminar	5	3
Insurance	2	2
Communications	1	2
Newspaper & Newsletter	-	1
Printing & stationery	1	2
VAT	2	5
Requirement and joining expenses	3	-
Miscellaneous	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	175	158

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

16 Administrative expenses (continued)

The analysis of employment cost is as follows:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Salaries	96	92
Other benefits	27	8
Social security costs	4	4
Employees' end of service benefit	3	1
	130	105

17 Financing charges

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Interest expense	490	490
Bank charges	17	7
	507	497

18 Related party transactions and balances

The Group enters into transactions with entities in which certain members of the Board of Directors have interest and are able to exercise significant influence. In the ordinary course of business, such related parties provide goods, services and funding to the Group. The Group also provides management services and funding to the related parties. These transactions are entered into on terms and conditions, approved by the Board of Directors.

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Transactions during the period		
Total employment costs	130	105
Directors sitting fees paid	42	46
Directors remuneration	65	-
Expenses	3	3
	240	154

The amounts due from related parties are interest free, unsecured and are repayable on demand as follows:

	2023 OMR'000	2022 OMR'000
Hormuz Al Anwar Cement SAOC	117	117
Al Maha Ceramics SAOG	-	1
	117	118

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

19 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the accounting policies.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future period affected. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying, and possibly significant, degrees of judgement and uncertainty and actual results may differ from management's estimates resulting in future changes in estimated liabilities.

(i) Impairment of financial assets

The adoption of IFRS 9 has fundamentally changed the Company's accounting for impairment by replacing IAS 39's incurred loss approach with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) approach. IFRS 9 requires the Company to record an allowance for ECLs for debt financial instrument not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. The allowance is based on the ECLs associated with the probability of default in the next twelve months unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination. If the financial asset meets the definition of purchased or originated credit impaired (POCI), the allowance is based on the change in the ECLs over the life of the asset. Details of the Company's impairment method are disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Classification of financial assets

Assessment of the business model within which the assets are held and assessment of whether the contractual terms of the financial asset are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Fair value estimation

The valuation techniques for unquoted equity investments make use of estimates such as future cash flows, discount factors, yield curves, current market prices adjusted for market, credit and model risks and related costs and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants where appropriate.

(iv) Business combinations

To allocate the cost of a business combination management exercises significant judgment to determine identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities whose fair value can be reliably measured, to determine provisional values on initial accounting and final values of a business combination and to determine the amount of goodwill and the Cash Generating Unit to which it should be allocated.

Al Anwar Investments SAOG & Its Subsidiaries

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER

20 Summary of key accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to each of the periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise stated.

20.1 Basis of preparation

(a) These Parent Company and consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), the relevant requirements of Commercial Companies Law of 2019 of the Sultanate of Oman, as amended and the Capital Market Authority.

(b) These consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2023 comprise the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (together “the Group”) and the Group’s interest in associates. These consolidated financial statements are collectively referred to as ‘the financial statements’.

(c) These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by investments measured at fair value.

(d) The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 19.

(e) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are measured and presented in Rial Omani being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates, which is the Group’s functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Rial Omani has been rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

(f) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Rial Omani and recorded at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Rial Omani at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Rial Omani at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets measure at fair value, such as equities classified as available for sale, are included in other comprehensive income.

20.2 Basis of consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former

owners of the acquired entity and the equity interests issued by the Group. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

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20.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the fair value of non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between the Group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and significant representation on the Board of associate. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to consolidated statement of comprehensive income where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of profit/(loss) of an associate' in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The consolidated financial statements comprise those of the Parent Company drawn up to 30 September and its subsidiaries and associates drawn up to 31st March using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made

for the effects of significant transactions or other events, if any that occur in the associates and the subsidiaries during the intervening period.

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20.3 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Group intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

20.4 Property and other assets

Property and other assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of property and equipment is their purchase price together with expenditures those are directly attributable to acquisition. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial year in which these are incurred.

Depreciation is charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each class of property and other assets except land. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Furniture and fixtures	4
Motor vehicles	4

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting year.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals of property and other assets are determined by reference to their carrying amounts, are recognised within 'other income' and are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

20.5 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, bank balances, including term deposits with a maturity of three months or less from the date of placement, are considered to be cash equivalents.

20.6 End of service benefits (EOS) and End of year benefits (EOY)

End of service benefits are accrued in accordance with the terms of employment of the Group's employees at the reporting date, having regard to the requirements of the Oman Labour Law 2003 as amended, and in accordance with IAS-19, "Employee benefits". The EOS liability, as reflected in FS, is net of any advance given against EOS.

Employee entitlements to annual leave and leave passage are recognised when they accrue to employees and an accrual is made for the estimated liability arising as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date. These accruals are included in current liabilities, while that relating to end of service benefits is disclosed as a non-current liability.

Contributions to a defined contribution retirement plan and occupational hazard insurance for Omani employees in accordance with the Omani Social Insurances Law of 1991 are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred

20.7 Payables

Liabilities for payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. These are recognised for amount to be paid for goods or services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

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20.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

20.9 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the consolidated statement of financial position date. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any

difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using effective interest rate.

Term loans are carried on the consolidated statement of financial position at their principal amount. Instalments due within one year are disclosed as a current liability. Interest is charged as an expense as it accrues, with unpaid amounts included in payables.

Short-term loans are carried on the consolidated statement of financial position at their principal amount. Interest is charged as an expense as it accrues, with unpaid amounts included in trade and other payables.

20.10 Share capital

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Increment costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

20.11 Revenue

Share of profit / (loss) from associates are recognised on the basis of their declared results. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method. Interest on perpetual bonds is recognised on receipt. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available for sale investments is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the company's right to receive payment is established. Unrealised gain / (loss) in the value of financial assets at fair value represents the difference between the present market value and the carrying amount of the assets determined on individual scrip basis using weighted average cost of securities and is taken to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Realised gains / (losses) on financial assets at fair value are recognised and taken to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the year of disposal of related securities.

20.12 Income tax

Income tax on the results for the period comprises of current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised directly in equity.

Current tax charge recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are enacted currently and are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

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20.12 Income tax (continued)

A deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses carried forward is recognised where it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these tax losses can be reversed. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the

same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

20.13 Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration is governed by the Commercial Companies Law and the rules prescribed by the Capital Market Authority.

20.14 Earnings per share

The Parent Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

20.15 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Parent Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Parent Company's shareholders.

20.16 Operating segment

The Group does not have any operating segment.

20.17 Fair values

A number of accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs. This category includes instruments valued using quoted market prices in the active market for similar instruments, quoted market prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices of similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

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20.17 Fair values(continued)

The face values less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and financial liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values.

For investments traded in organised financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the reporting date, adjusted for transaction costs necessary to realise the asset.

The fair value of investments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using estimated discounted cash flows or other valuation techniques.

The fair values of other financial and non-financial assets and liabilities at period end approximate their carrying amounts as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

21. Corresponding figures

The previous year figures are regrouped and reclassified as required to conform with current year presentation.